

# Related Rates

- Given multiple variables, find ROC of one in terms of the others

Ex: Air is pumped into a spherical balloon at a rate  $50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ .

How fast does the radius change when the radius is  $20 \text{ cm}$ ?

Variables:  $V$  (volume),  $r$  (radius)  
 $t$  (time)

Goal:  $\frac{dr}{dt}$  when  $r=20 \text{ cm}$

Know:  $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$ ,  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

Differentiate:  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$

Solve:  $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2} \cdot \frac{dV}{dt}$

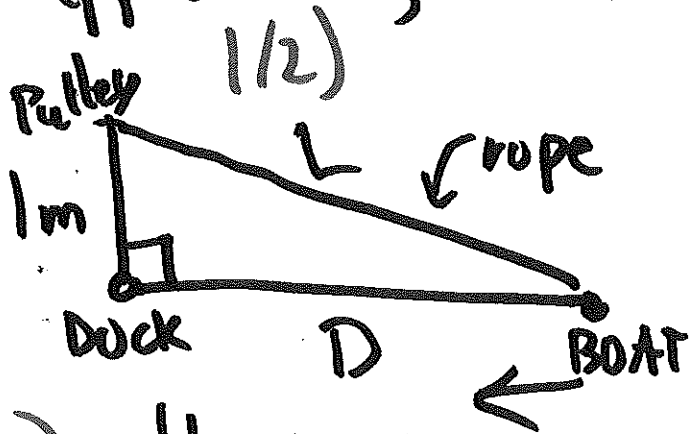
$$\frac{1}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot \text{cm}^3/\text{s} = \text{cm}/\text{s}$$

$$\left. \frac{dr}{dt} \right|_{r=20} = \frac{1}{4\pi (20)^2} \cdot 50 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{50}{1600\pi} \text{ cm/s}}$$

Ex2: Boat pulled to a dock by a rope.

Rope is passing through a pulley 1m higher than the boat. If the rope is pulled at a rate of 1 m/s, how fast is the boat approaching when it is 8m from the dock?



$D$  = dist. from the dock

$L$  = length of rope

$t$  = time

3)  $\frac{dL}{dt} = -1 \text{ m/s}$

4)  $\frac{dD}{dt} \Big|_{D=8\text{m}}$

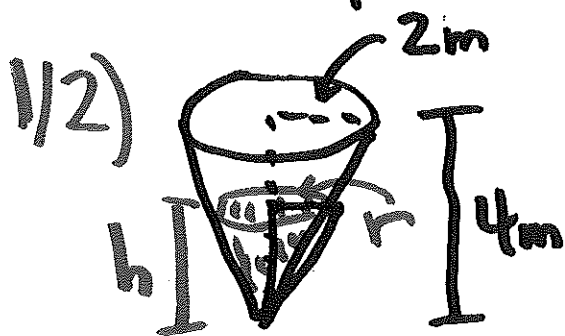
5) Pyth. Thm:  $1^2 + D^2 = L^2$

6)  $0 + 2D \cdot \frac{dD}{dt} = 2L \cdot \frac{dL}{dt}$

$$\begin{aligned} D &= 8 \\ 1 + 64 &= L^2 \\ L &= \sqrt{65} \end{aligned}$$

7)  $\frac{dD}{dt} = \frac{L}{D} \cdot \frac{dL}{dt} = \frac{\sqrt{65}}{8} (-1) = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{65}}{8} \text{ m/s}}$

Ex: A water tank is an inverted circular cone w/ base radius 2m & height 4m. If water is pumped in at a rate of  $2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ , find the rate at which the water level is rising when the water is 3m deep.



$r$  = radius of cone of water  
 $h$  = height of cone of water  
 $V$  = volume of cone of water  
 $t$  = time

3)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

4)  $\left. \frac{dh}{dt} \right|_{h=3\text{m}}$

5) • similar  $\Delta s$   $\begin{matrix} r \\ \nabla \\ h \end{matrix} \sim \begin{matrix} 2 \\ \nabla \\ 4 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{2} = \frac{h}{4}$

•  $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 h \quad r = \frac{h}{2}$   
 $= \frac{1}{12} \pi h^3$

$$6) \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{4} \pi h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \quad \frac{1}{12} \cdot 3 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{4}{\pi h^2} \cdot \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$7) \left. \frac{dh}{dt} \right|_{h=3} = \frac{4}{9\pi} \cdot 2 = \boxed{\frac{8}{9\pi} \text{ m/min}}$$