

## Algebra Prelim, January 8, 2019

- Provide proofs for all statements, citing theorems that may be needed.
- If necessary you may use the results from other parts of this test, even though you may not have successfully proved them.
- Do as many problems as you can and present your solutions as carefully as possible.

Good luck!

- (1) Let  $M_{n \times n}(K)$  be the vector space of  $n \times n$  matrices over a field  $K$ , and let  $I_n \in M_{n \times n}(K)$  denote the  $n \times n$  identity matrix.
  - a) Show that the trace map  $tr : M_{n \times n}(K) \rightarrow K$ ,  $A \rightarrow tr(A)$  is  $K$ -linear and satisfies  $tr(AB) = tr(BA)$ .
  - b) Show there exist no matrices  $A, B \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{Q})$  such that  $AB - BA = I_n$ .
  - c) Find  $A, B \in M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{F}_2)$  such that  $AB - BA = I_2$ .
- (2) Let  $A \in M_{3 \times 3}(\mathbb{Q})$  have characteristic polynomial  $\chi_A(t) = t^3 + 3t^2 + 2t$ . Determine the rank of  $A$ .
- (3) Let  $G$  be a  $p$ -group. Suppose that  $G$  acts on a finite set  $X$  such that  $p \nmid |X|$ . Show that this action has a fixed point.
- (4) Consider the symmetric group  $S_5$ .
  - a) Show that there are exactly 20 distinct 3-cycles in  $S_5$ .
  - b) Show that the 3-Sylow subgroups and the 5-Sylow subgroups of  $S_5$  are contained in the alternating group  $A_5$ .
  - c) Determine the number of 3-Sylow subgroups and the number of 5-Sylow subgroups in  $S_5$ .
- (5) Let  $A$  be a commutative ring, and let  $P \subset A$  be a prime ideal. For ideals  $I, J \subset A$  show that if  $I \cap J \subseteq P$  then  $I \subseteq P$  or  $J \subseteq P$ .
- (6) Let  $R$  and  $S$  be integral domains and let  $\phi : R \rightarrow S$  be a surjective ring homomorphism (in particular,  $\phi(1_R) = 1_S$ ). Prove or find a counterexample to each of the following:
  - a) If  $R$  is a PID then  $S$  is a PID.
  - b) If  $R$  is a UFD then  $S$  is a UFD.

- (7) Let  $K = \mathbb{F}_3(t)$ , the field of rational functions over  $\mathbb{F}_3$ . Find a polynomial  $p(x) \in K[x]$  which is irreducible but not separable.
- (8) a) Find a Galois extension  $\mathbb{Q} \subset K$  with  $\text{Gal}(K/\mathbb{Q}) \cong \mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z}$ .  
b) Find a Galois extension  $\mathbb{Q} \subset L$  with  $\text{Gal}(L/\mathbb{Q}) \cong \mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z}$ .
- (9) Let  $F \subset K$  be a Galois extension with finite Galois group  $G$ . Suppose that  $K$  is the splitting field of  $f(x) \in F[x]$ , and that  $f(x)$  is the minimal polynomial of  $a \in K$ . Show:

$$f(x) = \prod_{\delta \in G} (x - \delta(a)).$$

**Missing hypothesis:**  $\delta(a) \neq \gamma(a)$  for all  $\delta \neq \gamma$  in  $G$