

Algebra Prelim

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- Provide proofs for unsupported statements and cite supporting theorems
- Do as many problems as you can while giving careful solutions

Good Luck!

1. Let G be a finite simple group where $|G| = 210$. Find the number of elements of G having order 7.
2. Let G be a group such that $G/Z(G)$ is a cyclic group. Prove that G is abelian (here $Z(G)$ denotes the center of G).
3. Let V be a vector space over a field F and let $T : V \rightarrow V$ be a linear map. Let $\text{Fix}(T) = \{v | T(v) = v\}$. Then $\text{Fix}(T)$ is a subspace of V (you do not need show this). Now suppose that $T \circ T = T$. Prove the following:
 - (a) $\text{Fix}(T) = \text{Im}(T)$, where $\text{Im}(T)$ denotes the image of T .
 - (b) $\text{Ker}(T) \cap \text{Im}(T) = \{0\}$.
 - (c) $\text{Ker}(T) + \text{Im}(T) = V$, where $+$ here denotes the usual sum of subspaces.
4. Let $A \in \mathcal{M}_{n \times n}(\mathbf{C})$ be a Hermitian matrix. Prove or disprove (with a counterexample) the following statements:
 - (a) $\det(A) \in \mathbf{R}$.
 - (b) $|\det(A)| = 1$.
 - (c) If A has exactly one eigenvalue then A is a real matrix.
 - (d) If $v = (v_1, \dots, v_n)^T$ is an eigenvector of A then $\bar{v} = (\bar{v}_1, \dots, \bar{v}_n)^T$ is also an eigenvector for A (here \bar{v}_i denotes the complex conjugate of v_i).
5. Let $f(x) = x^{12} - 1 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$ and let $L \subset \mathbf{C}$ be a splitting field of $f(x)$ over \mathbf{Q} . Then:
 - (a) Determine the isomorphism type of $\text{Gal}(L/\mathbf{Q})$
 - (b) Give an explicit description of all the subfields of L (by giving generators for each of these over \mathbf{Q}).

(please turn over)

6. Let K be a field and let $f(x) \in K[x]$. Then let L be a splitting field of $f(x)$ over K . Assume that $f(x)$ has degree n for some $n \geq 1$ and that $f(x)$ has n distinct roots $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n$ in L . Suppose that for every i, j with $1 \leq i, j \leq n$ there is an automorphism σ of L over K such that $\sigma(\alpha_i) = \alpha_j$. Prove that $f(x)$ is irreducible in $K[x]$.
7. Show that the following polynomials are irreducible elements of the given integral domains.
- (a) $f(x) = 2x^4 + 120x^3 - 30x^2 + 18x + 60 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$
 - (b) $f(x) = 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 105 \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$
 - (c) $f(x, y) = x^2y + xy^2 - x - y + 1 \in \mathbf{Q}[x, y]$
8. Let K be a field that is a subfield of the integral domain S . So S is a vector space over K . If $\dim_K(S) < \infty$ show that S is a field.
9. Prove that there is a surjective ring homomorphism $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/(2) \times \mathbf{Z}/(3)$ and that there is not a surjective ring homomorphism $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/(6) \times \mathbf{Z}/(10)$.
10. Let $k \subset L$ be a Galois extension where $G = \text{Gal}(L/k)$ and where $|G| = 150$. Now suppose we have $k \subset K \subset L$ where $k \subset K$ is a Galois extension of degree 2. Prove that there is exactly one K' with $k \subset K' \subset L$ where $[L : K'] = 25$.
Hint. This is essentially a Sylow subgroup problem.