## ALGEBRA PRELIM, MAY 2024

- Provide proofs of all statements, citing theorems that may be needed.
- Do as many problems as possible and present your solutions as carefully as possible.
- All problems carry the same weight, but the individual parts of a problem may have different weights.
- (1) Let A be an  $n \times n$  matrix over an algebraically closed field. Recall that a matrix A is nilpotent if there exists a positive integer k such that  $A^k = 0$ .
  - (a) Show that if A is nilpotent, then its only eigenvalue is 0.
  - (b) Show that if the only eigenvalue of A is 0, then the characteristic polynomial of A is  $x^n$ .
  - (c) Show that if the only eigenvalue of A is 0, then A is nilpotent.
- (2) Let V be the vector space of polynomials of degree at most 4 with real coefficients in the variable x, and let  $D: V \to V$  be the linear transformation given by  $D(p) = \frac{dp}{dx}$ .
  - (a) Find the kernel of  $D^2$ .
  - (b) Find the rank of  $D^2$ .
- (3) Let

$$H = \Big\{ \left( egin{array}{ccc} 1 & a & b \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} 
ight) \mid a,b,c \in \mathbb{F}_2 \Big\}.$$

- (a) Show that H is a group under matrix multiplication.
- (b) Find the order of the matrix

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

- (c) Show that the cyclic subgroup generated by A is normal in H.
- (4) (a) Show that every group of order  $88 = 2^3 \cdot 11$  has a normal subgroup of order 11
  - (b) Show that every group of order  $2024 = 2^3 \cdot 11 \cdot 23$  has a normal subgroup of order  $253 = 11 \cdot 23$ .

(5) Let d be a squarefree integer, let

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & d \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right),$$

and let R be the subring of  $M_2(\mathbb{Q})$  generated by A and the identity.

- (a) Compute the kernel of the homomorphism  $\varphi \colon \mathbb{Q}[x] \to R$  given by  $\varphi(f) = f(A)$ .
- (b) Use part (a) to show that  $\mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{d}]$  is isomorphic to R.
- (6) Let F be a field and let  $S = \{f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + \dots + a_nx^n \in F[x] \mid a_1 = 0\}.$ 
  - (a) Show that S is a subring of F[x].
  - (b) Use the polynomial  $x^2(x^2-1)$  to show that S is not a UFD.
- (7) Let E be the splitting field of  $x^6 + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , and let  $\zeta_{12}$  denote a primitive 12th root of unity.
  - (a) Show that  $E = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_{12})$ .
  - (b) Identify  $Gal(E/\mathbb{Q})$ .
  - (c) Find all subfields of E.
- (8) Let K be a field. Prove that, if  $[K(\alpha):K]$  is odd, then  $K(\alpha)=K(\alpha^2)$ .
- (9) For each of the following, either provide an example or explain why it is not possible.
  - (a) A field extension K of  $\mathbb{Q}$  of degree 4 with  $|\operatorname{Aut}(K/\mathbb{Q})| = 4$ .
  - (b) A field extension K of  $\mathbb{Q}$  of degree 4 with  $|\operatorname{Aut}(K/\mathbb{Q})| = 2$ .
  - (c) A field extension K of  $\mathbb{Q}$  of degree 4 with  $|\operatorname{Aut}(K/\mathbb{Q})| = 3$ .