

MA 114 Worksheet # 16: Review for Exam 2

- Expand $\frac{2}{4-3x}$ into a power series with $c = 0$ and determine the radius of convergence.
- Find the Taylor series centered at zero of the function $f(x) = \ln(x+5)$.
 - Find the Taylor series centered at zero of the function $g(x) = x^3 \ln(x^2+5)$.
- Compute $T_3(x)$, the Taylor polynomial of the third order centered at $x = 0$, for $f(x) = \cos(x/\pi)$.
- Compute $T_n(x)$, the Taylor polynomial of the n th order centered at $x = 0$, for $f(x) = e^{3x}$.
- Let $f(x) = e^{-x}$. First compute $T_3(x)$ and then use the error bound to show that $|f(x) - T_3(x)| \leq x^4/24$ for all $x \geq 0$.
- Density and average value:
 - Find the total mass of a circular plate of radius 20 cm whose mass density is the radial function $\rho(r) = 0.03 + 0.01 \cos(\pi r^2)$ g/cm².
 - Find the average value of $f(x) = \sin(x) \cos(x)$ over $[0, \pi]$.
- Volumes:
 - (Disks) Let V be the volume of a right circular cone of height 10 whose base is a circle of radius 4. Use similar triangles to find the area of a horizontal cross section at a height y . Using this area, calculate the volume V by integrating the cross-sectional area.
 - (Washers) Let R be a region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 1$, if R is rotated about x -axis, what is the volume of the resulting solid?
 - (Cylindrical Shells) V is obtained by rotating the region under the graph $y = 3x^2$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2$ about the y -axis. Calculate the volume of V .
- Work:

Calculate the work against gravity required to build a right circular cone of height 4 m and radius 2 m out of a lightweight material of density 600 kg/m³. (See also question 7(a).)
- Integration by Parts:
 - $\int x^2 \cos(x) dx$
 - $\int 2x \arctan(x) dx$
- Trigonometric Integrals:
 - $\int \sin^2(x) \cos^3(x) dx$
 - $\int \tan^3(x) \sec^3(x) dx$