

Worksheet # 26: Transcendental Functions and Other Integrals

1. Evaluate the following indefinite integrals:

(a) $\int \frac{dx}{x}$

(d) $\int \frac{dv}{|v|\sqrt{v^2-1}}$

(b) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

(e) $\int e^x dx$

(c) $\int \frac{dt}{1+t^2}$

(f) $\int 2e^{2x} dx$

2. Use the equation $b^x = e^{x \ln(b)}$ to find the indefinite integral $\int b^x dx$

3. Find b so that $\int_1^b \frac{dx}{x}$ is equal to

(a) $\ln(3)$

(b) 3

4. Find b such that $\int_0^b \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

5. Which integral should be evaluated using substitution? Evaluate both integrals:

(a) $\int \frac{9 dx}{1+x^2}$

(b) $\int \frac{x dx}{1+9x^2}$

6. Find a relation between x and u that yields $\sqrt{16+x^2} = 4\sqrt{1+u^2}$.

7. Evaluate the following indefinite integrals, and indicate any substitutions that you use:

(a) $\int \frac{dx}{x^2+3}$

(e) $\int \frac{\ln(\arccos(x)) dx}{\arccos(x)\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

(b) $\int \frac{\cos(\ln(t)) dt}{t}$

(f) $\int \frac{dt}{|t|\sqrt{12t^2-3}}$

(c) $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{7-x^2}}$

(g) $\int \frac{dx}{(4x-1)\ln(8x-2)}$

(d) $\int \frac{dt}{4t^2+9}$

(h) $\int e^{9-2x} dx$

8. Evaluate the following definite integrals, and indicate any substitutions that you use:

(a) $\int_{\tan(.5)}^{\tan(1.5)} \frac{dx}{x^2+1}$

(d) $\int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{\arctan(x)(1+x^2)}$

(b) $\int_{-e^2}^{-e} \frac{dt}{t}$

(e) $\int_0^4 \frac{dt}{4t^2+9}$

(c) $\int_{-1/5}^{1/5} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4-25x^2}}$

(f) $\int_{1/(2\sqrt{2})}^{1/2} \frac{dx}{|x|\sqrt{16x^2-1}}$