Calculus I Exam 1 Russell Brown 21 September 1999

Answer all of the following questions. Use the answer sheets provided. Additional sheets are available if necessary. No books or notes may be used. You may use a calculator. When answering these questions, please be sure to 1) check answers when possible, 2) clearly indicate your answer and the reasoning used to arrive at that answer *(unsupported answers may receive NO credit)*, and 3) label all variables and equations.

Note that the point total on this exam is greater than 100 points, however no student will be given a grade of greater than 100.

Name ______ Section _____

Question	Score	Total
1		10
2		10
3		40
4		15
5		10
6		5
7		10
Total		100

- 1. Below is the graph of a function f(x).
 - (a) Describe how you must shift the graph of f to find the graph of g(x) = 2 + f(x + 1).
 - (b) On the axes below, sketch the graph of g.
 - (c) Find g(2).

- 2. For the function f, whose graph appears below, find the following, if they exist.
 - (a) $\lim_{x \to 1^+} f(x)$
 - (b) $\lim_{x \to 1^-} f(x)$
 - (c) $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$
 - (d) f(1)
 - (e) $\lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x)$
 - (f) $\lim_{x \to 2^-} f(x)$
 - (g) $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x)$
 - (h) f(2)

- 3. Use the limit laws to find the following limits, if they exist, or determine if the limit is $+\infty$ or $-\infty$. Credit will not be given for estimating with your calculator.
 - (a) $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 4}{x 2}$ (b) $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 + 4}{x + 2}$ (c) $\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{x}{|x|}$ (d) $\lim_{x \to a} x^3 - 3x$
 - (e) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 3x}{3x^2 + 2x}$

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x+2}$$

(g)
$$\lim_{x \to 1^+} \frac{x}{x-1}$$

(h)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\tan t}{t}$$
(i)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \sin t \tan t$$

(i)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \sin t \tan t$$

(i)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \sin t \tan t$$

(j)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\sin t \cos t}{\sin 2t}$$

(a) State the definition of lim_{x→a} f(x) = L.
(b) Prove that

$$\lim_{x \to 2} x^2 + 2x = 8$$

- 5. (a) Give the definition of an even function and give the definition of an odd function.
 - (b) Suppose that f(x) is an even function. What can you say about xf(x)? Is it always odd or always even? Why?

6. Give the definition of continuity at a point.

7. Find a so that the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x \ge 2\\ ax & x < 2 \end{cases}$$

is continuous.